

How to Connect Real-world Data to an AT&T M2X Device

Introduction

This technical note shows you how to send real-world data, in this example a temperature in degrees F, to an M2X device.

What you'll need:

- An account on m2x.att.com
- A configured M2X device and its API Key. In this example, the M2X device we're using is called **OptoBrainTest**, with a Stream ID called **LampTemperature**.
- An Opto 22 SNAP PAC controller with its RESTful server enabled. In this example, we're communicating with a [SNAP-PAC-R1](#) that's part of a [SNAP-PACLC](#) Learning Center. This Learning Center hardware also includes a temperature probe.
- A Node-RED flow to connect the Opto 22 hardware to the M2X device.

It's as easy as 1-2-3:

1. [Configure the Opto 22 PAC hardware](#)
2. [Configure the Node-RED flow to connect the Opto 22 PAC to M2X](#)
3. [Check out your data in the M2X cloud!](#)

1. Configure the Opto 22 PAC hardware

Assemble and program the SNAP-PAC-R1 as described in the [SNAP PAC Learning Center User's Guide](#), Opto 22 form 1638.

Note: for this example, we renamed the temperature input in the control strategy from Store_Temperature to Lamp_Temperature. We also added an output to turn on a Lamp so we could remotely increase that temperature by turning on the lamp. While this document only describes how to read/monitor the temperature, controlling an output, such as turning on the lamp, can also be done via similar steps.

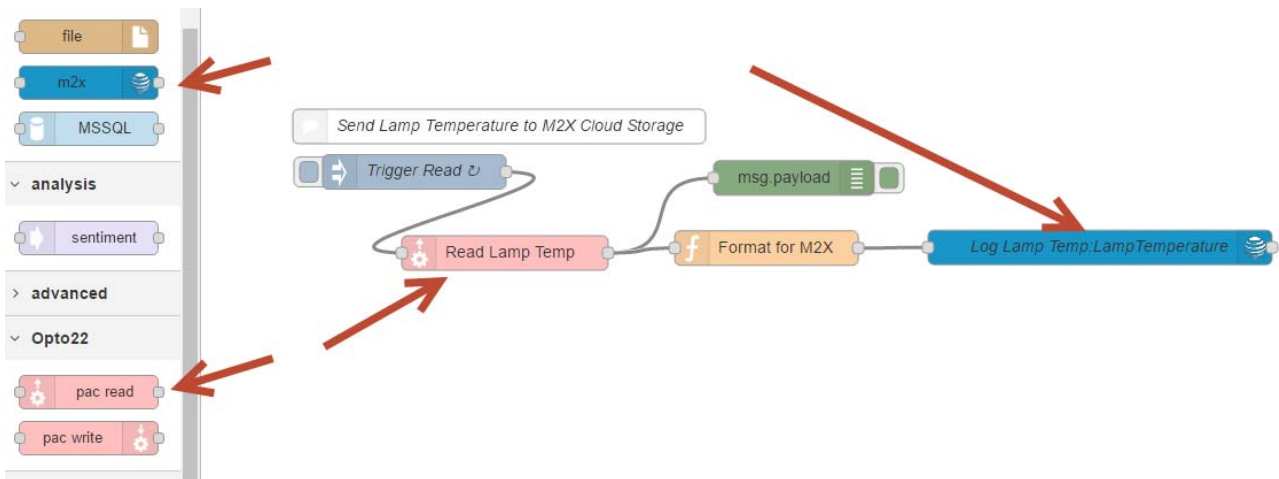
2. Configure the Node-RED flow to connect the Opto 22 PAC to M2X

1. Install Node-RED, including the SNAP PAC nodes, as described on this [Node-RED for SNAP-PAC page](#) on Opto 22's developer website (developer.opto22.com).
2. Make sure you [enable the RESTful server on the PAC](#), which the SNAP PAC Node-RED nodes use to read or write to the controller.
3. Install the Node-RED mx2 node.

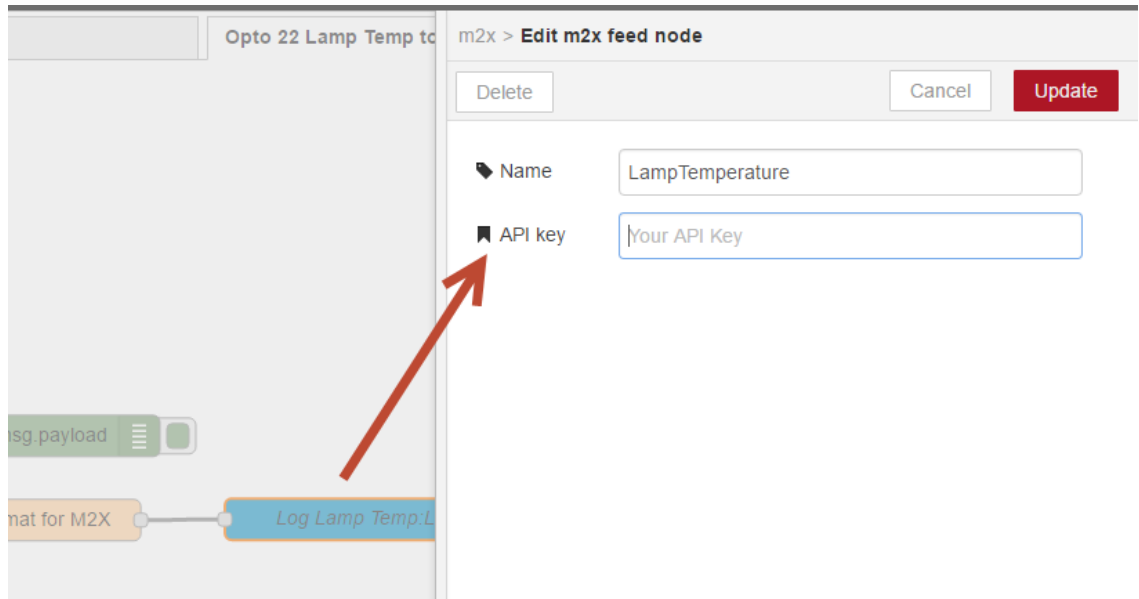
4. Create or import a flow. For example, the flow we used is shown below as the importable JSON and as a screenshot of the resulting flow:

```

o[{"id":"20311063.16361","type":"m2x
feed","z":"","apiKey":"fbb31b1e50130ab4ff299d035111fbbc","name":"M2X"}
,{ "id":"db122dcb.144e6","type":"pac-device","z":"","address":"restpac.
groov.com","protocol":"http"}, {"id":"46f6c401.9d0b2c","type":"pac-read
", "z":"33885e25.21d752","device":"db122dcb.144e6","dataType":"ana-inpu
t","tagName":"Lamp_Temperature","tableStartIndex":"","tableLength":"","
"name":"Read Lamp
Temp","x":220.0994415283203,"y":869.727294921875,"wires":[[{"11d27a7b.d
19536","809a96c0.f08538"}]], {"id":"11d27a7b.d19536","type":"debug","z"
:"33885e25.21d752","name":"","active":true,"console":"false","complete
":"false","x":472.0937042236328,"y":804.5795593261719,"wires":[]}, {"id
":"f0be75c2.ce89c8","type":"inject","z":"33885e25.21d752","name":"Trig
ger
Read","topic":"","payload":"","payloadType":"date","repeat":"","cronTa
b":"","once":false,"x":131.09376525878906,"y":799.2727432250977,"wires
":[["46f6c401.9d0b2c"]]}, {"id":"53cc89e2.ccd3e8","type":"m2x","z":"338
85e25.21d752","feed":"20311063.16361","name":"Log Lamp
Temp","x":689.0994110107422,"y":864.8722229003906,"wires":[[]]}, {"id":
"809a96c0.f08538","type":"function","z":"33885e25.21d752","name":"Form
at for M2X","func":"var fromPAC = msg.payload;\nmsg = {\n  topic:
\"devices\", \n  action: \"setStreamValue\", \n  topic_id:
\"d6b700985c63ac83d4b0159a93c1df8e\", \n  sub_topic_id:
\"LampTemperature\", \n  payload: { \"value\": fromPAC} \n}; \n\nreturn
msg;","outputs":1,"noerr":0,"x":448.24147033691406,"y":865.47729492187
5,"wires":[["53cc89e2.ccd3e8"]]}, {"id":"4a8d65cb.3a136c","type":"comme
nt","z":"33885e25.21d752","name":"Send Lamp Temperature to M2X Cloud
Storage","info":"","x":215.0994415283203,"y":759.7273254394531,"wires"
:[]}]
    
```

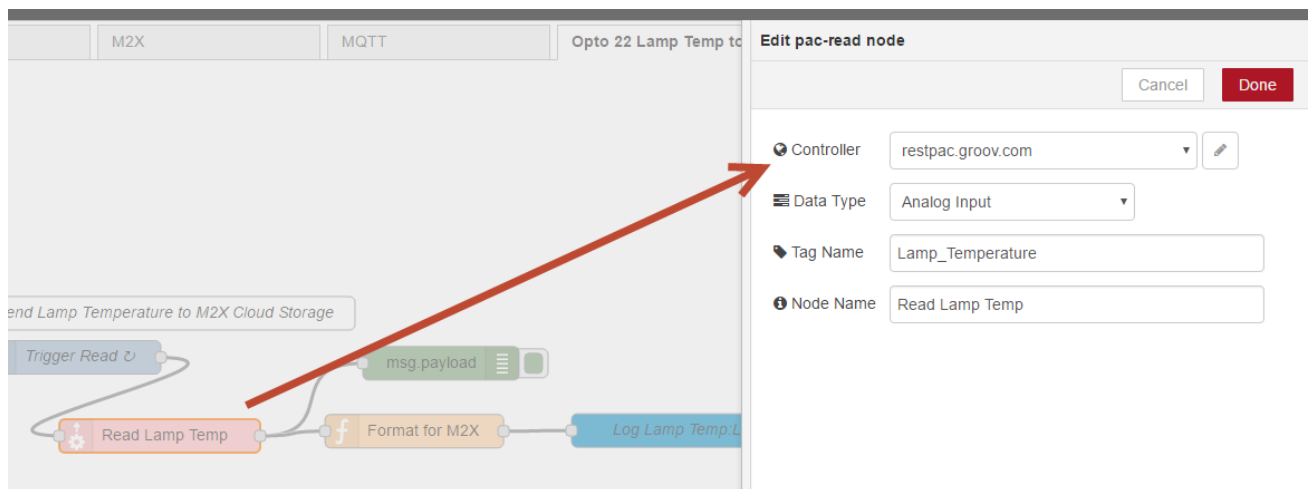


5. Configure the M2X node for your specific M2X Device's API key and Stream ID:



6. Configure the SNAP PAC read node for the IP address or URL of the Opto 22 SNAP PAC controller.

Note: in this case we used a SNAP-PAC-R1 that happens to be on the Internet at address restpac.groov.com, but typically this would be the IP address of the controller on the same internal network/LAN as the Node-RED server.



7. Deploy and debug the flow:

The screenshot displays the M2X IoT platform interface. On the left, a flow diagram is visible with the following components: a 'Trigger Read' node, a 'Read Lamp Temp' node, a 'Format for M2X' node, and a 'Log Lamp Temp.LampTemperature' node. A 'Send Lamp Temperature to M2X Cloud Storage' node is also present. The right side of the interface shows a 'debug' console with a log of messages. The log entries are as follows:

Timestamp	Event	msg.payload
8/16/2016, 9:13:40 AM	Read Lamp Temp	string [5]
8/16/2016, 9:14:48 AM	Read Lamp Temp	string [5]
8/16/2016, 9:15:58 AM	537d5b45.6de2f4	number 70.1080627
8/16/2016, 10:27:32 AM	537d5b45.6de2f4	number 69.0116272
8/16/2016, 10:27:34 AM	537d5b45.6de2f4	number 68.9811707
8/16/2016, 10:27:37 AM	537d5b45.6de2f4	number 68.9811707

3. Check out your data in the M2X cloud!

The data is shown here in the M2X cloud's Charts View:

